

# PILE 2008

## PUPIL'S COMPLETE INDEX NUMBER

Province/City

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District

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Sector

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School

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Pupil

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## PUPIL'S FULL NAME

SUR NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

OTHER NAMES: \_\_\_\_\_

## REVISION OF EXTRACTED QUESTIONS FROM PRIMARY LEAVING EXAMINATION 2008 SOCIAL STUDIES

Duration: 2 hours

### Attempt all questions (100 Marks)

1. a. Mention any two political administrative levels in Rwanda. (2 marks)

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- b. State the two lowest official political administrative levels in your district. (2 marks)

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2. Name any two qualities of a good leader at the level of your "Umudugudu". (2 marks)

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3. The national flag is a symbol of identity and sovereignty of a country. Name the three colours of the Rwandan flag from top to bottom. (3 marks)

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4. a. Fill in the blank spaces. (2 marks)

In Rwanda, children have a right to \_\_\_\_\_

They also have a responsibility to \_\_\_\_\_

- b. Mention any two ways in which adults may violate children's rights. (2 marks)

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5. a. Mention any two causes of conflict at family level. (2 marks)

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- b. State any two ways in which the Mayor of your district can resolve some conflicts within your community. (2 marks)

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6. State any two consequences of the Rwandan genocide. (2 marks)  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
7. Give any two problems faced by refugees. (2 marks)  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
8. Explain any two ways in which your community has promoted unity and reconciliation at the level of "Akagari". (2 marks)  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
9. a. What may happen if there is no unity among Rwandans? Give two reasons. (2 marks)  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
b. How can the social problems you identified in your community be solved? (Give two ways)  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ (2 marks)
10. a. Explain any two ways through which HIV/AIDS (SIDA) may be transmitted from one person to another. (2 marks)  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
b. Mention only one of the commonly known methods of preventing HIV/AIDS (SIDA).  
\_\_\_\_\_  
c. State any one consequence of HIV/AIDS (SIDA) on our society. (1 mark)  
\_\_\_\_\_
11. Identify any two consequences of population growth in Rwanda. (2 marks)  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
12. Explain two factors which contribute to soil erosion. (2 marks)  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
13. Rwanda is said to be under developed. Suggest two reasons for this. (2 marks)  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
14. Describe two ways in which good governance may be practiced in your home sector "Umurenge". (2 marks)  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
15. Since 1994, Rwanda has taken path of democratic leadership. Explain any two ways which show democratic practice in your home district. (2 marks)  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
16. The management of the surrounding of our homes and schools is necessary to improve our environment. Explain only two ways in which we can manage our environment. (2 marks)  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
17. Rwanda is nationally and internationally regarded as a gender sensitive country. Show only two factors which can contribute to gender balance in our country. (2 marks)  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
18. a. Name the ministry responsible for refugees and disaster preparedness. (1 mark)  
\_\_\_\_\_

d. The two state institutions that make laws in Rwanda are; (2 marks)

19. Give two examples of processing industries in Rwanda. (2 marks)

20. a. State any two factors that influence where farmers live. (2 marks)

b. Give one way how feeder roads are important to farmers. (1 mark)

21. a. Which country in East Africa is the largest producer of tea? (1 mark)

b. Mention any two imports of Rwanda. (2 marks)

22. a. What is an environment? (1 mark)

b. State any two ways how man has damaged the environment. (2 marks)

23. a. Give the meaning of the following words; (2 marks)

i. Gender

ii. Child abuse

b. Suggest any two ways how we can stop child abuse in Rwanda. (2 marks)

24. Write any two factors that may lead to urban-rural migration. (2 marks)

25. Give any two ways how we can maintain and protect our swamps. (2 marks)

26. Write down two attributes of Rwanda as a nation. (2 marks)

27. a. What is meant by a raw material? (1 mark)

b. What is the raw material for posho? (1 mark)

28. a. In which year was Rwanda officially admitted to commonwealth organization? (1 mark)

b. Who is the head of the commonwealth? (1 mark)

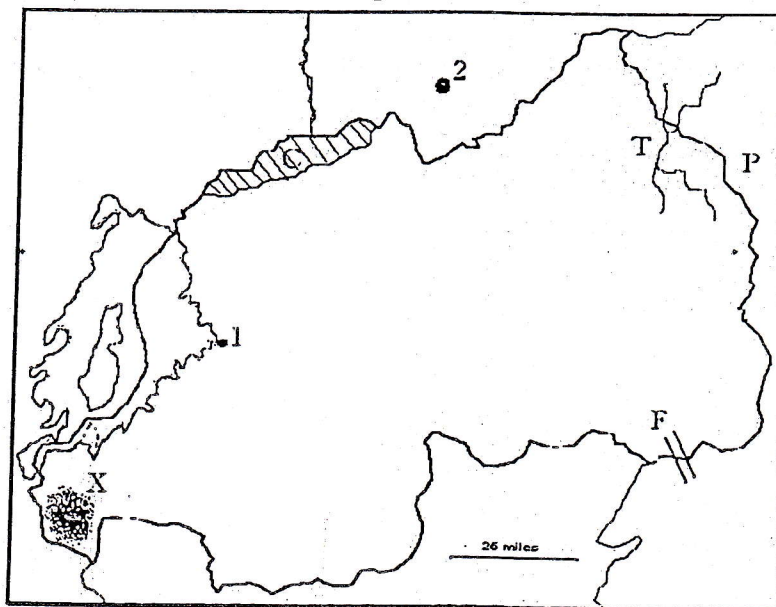
29. Give any two differences between the following means of communication, a radio and a television. (2 marks)

30. Identify any two consequences of population growth in Rwanda. (2 marks)

31. "War be avoided where possible," give any two factors to support the statement. (2 marks)



32. Mention any two problems faced by refugees. (2 marks)
33. a. Write H.E.P in full. (1 mark)
- b. What type of electricity is got from petroleum? (1 mark)
34. a. In which province of Rwanda is Gishwati forest found? (1 mark)
- b. Which forest in Rwanda is also a national game park? (1 mark)
35. Faulting leads to the formation of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
36. Suggest any two ways how you can avoid danger on your way back from school. (2 marks)
37. a. Give any two reasons why some people drink alcohol? (2 marks)
- b. Give any two dangers of drinking too much alcohol. (2 marks)
38. Study the map of Rwanda below and answer questions that follow



- a. Name the national park marked C (1 mark)
- b. Name the towns marked 1 and 2. (2 marks)
- 1 \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_
- c. Name the forest marked X (1 mark)
- d. Name the water falls marked F. (1 mark)
- e. Name the river marked T. (1 mark)
- f. What is the capital city of country marked P. (1 mark)

**END**